Relay for Connection to Security Panels 2V/4-Wire Fire Detectors with Built-in Exodu's 4W Series

INSTRUCTIONS

4-WIRE OPTICAL SMOKE & HEAT MULTISENSOR 0H/4W

FT64/4W 4-WIRE FIXED 64°C HEAT DETECTOR

4-WIRE RATE OF RISE HEAT DETECTOR RR/4W

4-WIRE FIXED 90°C HEAT DETECTOR FT90/4W



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INS 243-2

QUALITY ASSURANCE



WARRANTY

ertificate Number: FM 35285

5 year replacement warranty

an alarm control panel. As the Exodus 4W Series is not a complete alarm system, but only a part therof, Texecom cannot accept responsibility or liability for any National Standards where applicable. correctly. These instructions are intended as a guide only, always consult Local and damages whatsoever based on a claim that the Exodus 4W Series failed to function The Exodus 4W Series is designed to detect the presence of fire and activate

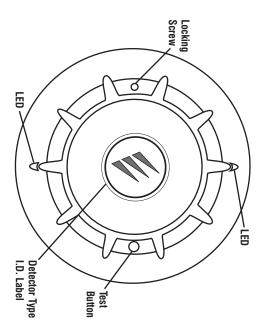
change specification without prior notice. Due to our policy of continuous improvement Texecom reserves the right to

4> INDICATORS & CONTROLS

CONNECTIONS

A & B: Alarm Relay Normally Closed

24Vbc 50mA, 18Ω Open on Alarm



Storage Temperature: $-20^{\circ}\text{C} (-4^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ to } +80^{\circ}\text{C} (+176^{\circ}\text{F})$

107mm

P ENVIRONMENTAL

3> FALSE ALARM PROTECTION



RF Immunity:

No false alarms from 80MHz to

1GHz at 10V/m

Electronic drift compensation.

Vlicrocontroller based signal analysis

Design:

200g (7oz) approx. Packed Weight:

Electrostatic Discharge:

No false alarms up to 8kV.

Complies with BS EN 61000-4-3:1997

Complies with BS EN 61000-4 -2:1995

Susceptibility: Conducted RF Immunity:

High Energy Transient

No false alarms up to $\pm 2kV$. Complies with BS EN 61000-4-5:1995.

Fast Transient Immunity: No false alarms up to \pm 4kV. Complies with BS EN 61000-4-4:1995.

Radiated Emissions: Conducted Emissions

EMC:

Normal Operating Temperature (i.e. non alarm state): $-10^{\circ}\text{C } (+14^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ to } +55^{\circ}\text{C } (+131^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ } (0\text{H/4W, RR/4W, FT64/4W}) \\ -10^{\circ}\text{C } (+14^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ to } +80^{\circ}\text{C } (+176^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ } (\text{FT90/4W})$

(V)

Complies with EN 55022 Class B. No false alarms at 10Vrms.
Complies with BS EN 61000-4-6:1996.

Independently certified to EN 50130-4:1996 Complies with EN 55022 Class B.

IMPORTANT FACTS TO CONSIDER BEFORE CHOOSING THE TYPE OF SMOKE OR HEAT DETECTOR

(photo-electric) detection. Both of these technologies on their own suffer Historically, smoke detectors have used either ionisation or optical

See Section 11 F. Latch Input:

PROBLEMS WITH 'IONISATION ONLY' DETECTORS

a slow smouldering fire. They are also very sensitive to fumes which often leads to false alarms. Additionally, there are increasing environmental and health concerns over the use of radioactive sensors. lonisation only detectors have a poor response to large smoke particles e.c

to false alarms is a concern. Texecom's advice is: do not fit 'ionisation only' detectors where susceptibilit

PROBLEMS WITH 'OPTICAL ONLY' DETECTORS

have their sensitivity increased. This can lead to false alarms 'Optical only' detectors do not react well to fast flaming fires and so often

To achieve maximum false alarm immunity and excellent fire detection Texecom recommend the use of optical smoke and heat multisensors or heat

15mA Typical

D. 0V

through if required) C. No Connection (Use for loop

(9 - 16V_{DC})

E. 12VDC

CHOOSING A DETECTOR

OPTICAL SMOKE & HEAT MULTISENSOR Exodu's OH/4W

fires OR 1. Large smoke particles e.g. from smouldering

increase e.g. from fast flaming fire. Small smoke particles AND a small temperature

Does not alarm on heat only.

Suitable For: Fast detection for widest range of fires. Gives ionisation or optical only. improved false alarm immunity compared to

Not Suitable For: Smoky, dusty or steamy environments e.g. kitchens bars, bathrooms

Designed to comply with EN54-7

Designed to comply with EN54-5 Grade A1/R

Label colour: Green

RATE OF RISE HEAT DETECTOR Exodus RR/4W

2. Temperatures above 58°C (136°F). Rapid increases in temperature OR

Detects:

Suitable For: Fast fire detection in smoky or dusty environments e.g. bars or attics, where normal temperatures do not exceed 38°C (100°F).

Not Suitable For: Environments where the temperature might change rapidly, e.g. kitchens, bathrooms

64°C FIXED TEMPERATURE HEAT DETECTOR Exodus FT64/4W

Detects: Temperatures above 64°C (147°F).

Suitable For:

temperature changes might occur e.g. kitchens Fire detection in smoky environments where rapid exceed 44°C (111°F). bathrooms, where normal temperatures do not

Not Suitable For: Fast detection of slow burning or smouldering fires 44°C (111°F). or for use where the normal temperature exceeds

90°C FIXED TEMPERATURE HEAT DETECTOR Exodus FT90/4W

Temperatures above 90°C (194°F)

Suitable For: Environments where temperatures up to 70°C (158°F) occur normally e.g. boiler rooms.

Not Suitable For: Fast detection of slow burning or smouldering fires

Designed to comply with EN54-5 Grade A2/S Label colour: Orange

Designed to comply with EN54 Grade C/S Label colour: Red

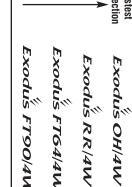
œ **CHOOSING A LOCATION** For Indoor Use Only

or landing. detector should be fitted for each level, usually in a central location e.g. hall choosing a suitable location. In a typical domestic installation at least one Always refer to any local or national guidelines (e.g. BS 5839-1) when

area to be protected. In commercial installations at least one detector should be installed for each

Always use the most suitable detector for the environment (see Section 7).[†]





10> WIRING

Section 5 for connections. The Exodus 4W Series are designed for connection to a security panel. See

Connect to a 24hr fire zone on panel

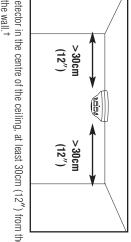
ج ج removal of detector or test passed. Normally closed relay, open on detection of fire, loss of power,

No connection (can be used as 'loop through').

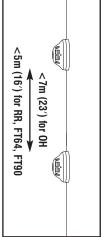
W

Latch Input (see Section 11).

D: OV E: +12V Connect to 12V auxiliary power supply on panel



edge of the wall.† Fit the detector in the centre of the ceiling, at least 30cm (12") from the



In larger rooms fit a smoke detector at least every 7m (23') or a heat detector at least every 5m (16'). Where obstructions are present additional detectors may be required. †

I LATCH INPUT

depending on how the Latch Input is wired. The Exodus 4W Series can be configured as either auto reset or latching

Latch Input:

No Connection or 0V: the smoke or heat has gone). Auto reset (detector automatically resets after

alarm until power is removed or the Latch Input Latching (after a detection the unit will stay in

is taken momentarily low).

+12V:

of a fire until it has been reset. Always ensure detectors are reset following an activation. Instruct the end user accordingly. A latched detector is held in alarm state and cannot signal a new occurrence

L> COMMISSIONING & TESTING

13

REMOVE DUST COVER BEFORE COMMISSIONING



Test Button

can be tested with a hot air gun. Care should be taken not to damage the smoke test units are available. The Exodus RR/4W, FT64/4W and FT90/4W Ideally the Exodus OH/4W should be tested with smoke. Specially designed

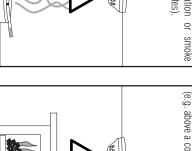
Always refer to local guidelines for test requirements and strategies.

on the Exodus OH/4W, and that the thermistor is present on all models. opening. The test button checks that the optical chamber is working correctly should light and the relay open. Confirm that the panel has detected the relay every 8 seconds. After 1 minute press and hold the test button. The LEDs environment. During normal operation of the detector the LEDs will blink After applying power allow 1 minute for the detector to adjust to its

do not install near sources of (e.g. from cigarettes) steam, condensation or smoke For optical and heat mutlisensors

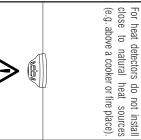
Avoid Common False Alarm Sources

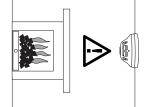
9 FIXING THE CEILING RING



Ceiling Ring

Supporting





Using the ceiling ring as a template mark out the position and drill two holes. When fitting to suspended ceiling tiles it may be helpful to place a piece of wood above the tile to screw into. Ceiling Tile Suspended

panel: To obtain latching operation with a simple user reset in a Texecom Veritas

- 2. Program SW + as 'Latching sensor auto reset':

To obtain latching operation with a simple user reset on a Texecom Premier

- to produce a warning tone if any detectors are left in the latched state

- 3. Invert SW+ by: in Engineer mode: @ ②, ®, (PROG)

enter USER CODE and press (RESET) Exodus detectors will now latch on detection. To reset a latched detector

panel use a normally high output pulsed low to reset

- 3. Programming the zone attribute to be 'zone warning' will cause the panel

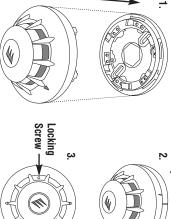
- PROG

- 1. Connect SW+ on the panel to Latch Input on the ceiling ring.
- enter ENGINEER CODE, (PROG.), (0) (8), (3)

- 1. Connect 'Latch' on the detector to a programmable output on the panel
- 2. Program the output to be either "Detector Reset" or "Sensor Reset on Reset", refer to the Premier Installation Manual for more details

12> FITTING THE DETECTOR TO THE CEILING RING

Screw Fixing Positions



Buttor Test

- 1. Push the detector upwards against the ceiling ring.
- 2. Rotate the detector clockwise until it clicks firmly into place.
- 3. To lock the detector head in place turn the hexagonal locking screw clockwise several times, using a 1.5mm hexagonal key.

CAUTION:

- Never paint the Exodus detectors. Always instruct the end user not to pain. the detectors, and ensure that they remain dust free.
- Excessive dust build up can lead to increased sensitivity and false alarms Be sure to uncover or replace the detector on completion. Instruct the end avoided. Always cover or remove the detector during any building work the effects of dust build up however excessive exposure should be The Exodus OH/4W incorporates electronic drift compensation to reduce

requirements and recommendations. Always refer to any local or national standards (e.g. BS 5839-1) for

cure the problem, the detector should be replaced.

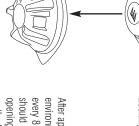
around the outside of the mesh (do not dismantle the detector). If this fails to 2 seconds. In these circumstances remove the detector head and vacuum occurs or the micro fails its automatic self test then the LED will blink every scatter signal due to contamination e.g. dust build up. If excessive dust In normal operation the detection LEDs blink momentarily every 8 seconds

Detectors should be tested on a regular basis.† Ensure latching detectors are

The microprocessor automatically compensates for a gradual increase in

reset after testing.





is made operational.

The cover must be removed before the detector

building work is done.

the sensitive electronics. The cover should be and dirt getting into the detector and affecting protective dust cover. This is to prevent dust

The Exodus 4W Series comes fitted with a

kept in place during installation and while any

